

Install OpenMC on Windows using WSL

keeperofhoney.neocities.com, 2025

If you want to get started playing with the more technical side of nuclear engineering, a great way to start is by using the open-source Monte Carlo code OpenMC. OpenMC only runs on Linux, but through the help of Windows Subsystem for Linux, you can run it on your windows machine without the need for dual-booting or virtual machines. This took me forever to figure out as a novice Linux user, so I figured I would write a tutorial for how I did it to help anyone else out. This is adapted from:

<https://docs.openmc.org/en/stable/quickinstall.html>

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/370252055_Installation_tutorial_of_OpenMC_via_Windows_using_Linux_subsystem

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bC8LEx1BORA&t=303s>

<https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/remote/wsl>

All of which you should check out for further information or if you are running into issues.

Setting up Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL)

Installing WSL is pretty straightforward:

1. In the performance tab of Task Manager, Check if Virtualization is enabled in the CPU section. This should say enabled, but if not, follow the steps in this paper to enable it in Bios.
https://www.researchgate.net/publication/370252055_Installation_tutorial_of_OpenMC_via_Windows_using_Linux_subsystem
2. Open the Windows PowerShell or Command Prompt in administrator mode
3. Install WSL using the “wsl --install” command. This will install Ubuntu by default, but your distribution can be changed after.
4. Get a list of the available Linux distributions (distros) using “wsl --list --online”. You can’t go wrong with Ubuntu, others like Arch or Debian, but I chose to use AlmaLinux because it’s the preferred distro of CERN and Fermilab and I think that’s wicked.
5. If you want to change your distro, you can run the command “wsl --install -d (Distro name here)”. You can remove distros by running “wsl --unregister (name of distro)”

6. You can now access WSL by typing “wsl” into the PowerShell or command line, or just typing WSL into the search bar.

Installing Conda

Now that we have a Linux terminal on our PC, we will use it to install Conda (or a smaller version, Miniconda or Miniforge). With Conda we will be able to install OpenMC. I am using Miniforge for this, but I believe that Miniconda will work the same and can be installed with the same instructions.

7. Go to the CONDA page and download the most recent version of Miniconda for Linux

<https://docs.conda.io/projects/conda/en/latest/user-guide/install/index.html>

8. Find the folder where the file was downloaded to (probably downloads) and type “wsl” into the navigation bar. This will open a Linux terminal for that directory.
9. To install this file, type “bash (filename)” with the filename being the name of the Miniconda file you downloaded. For example, “bash Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh”
10. According to the tutorial I followed by Willian Vieira de Abreu and Artur Silva, you don’t want to be working in the “base” environment. You can tell you’re in the base when it says (base) at the beginning of the line. To prevent this, you can run “conda config --set auto_activate_base False” and open a new terminal instance and it should be good.

Installing OpenMC

We have made it! Using our Linux terminal and Conda, we are now able to install OpenMC.

11. Run “conda config --add channels conda-forge” and “conda config --set channel_priority strict”
12. You can then run `conda create --name openmc-env openmc` . This creates an OpenMC environment called openmc-env, although you can name it whatever you want. This also installs OpenMC.
13. To open this environment, just run “conda activate openmc-env”.

Now OpenMC is installed in this environment, and we must set up a way to write code in it.

Using VS Code & Jupyter Notebook

To use VS Code to make files using OpenMC, you need a little bit of setup to connect to the WSL.

14. Install VSCode on your Windows machine
15. Install the WSL Extension in VSCode
16. In the bottom left corner, click the little box with the >< symbols for to open a remote window. From here, you can connect to WSL, or choose the distro on which you want to connect to. You now can run Linux projects inside VS Code! Yippee!
17. To access your OpenMC files and work on them in VS Code, all you need to do is open your OpenMC environment inside the WSL command line, go to your files directory and run “code .”

To run a Jupyter Notebook in VS Code, the steps are mostly the same.

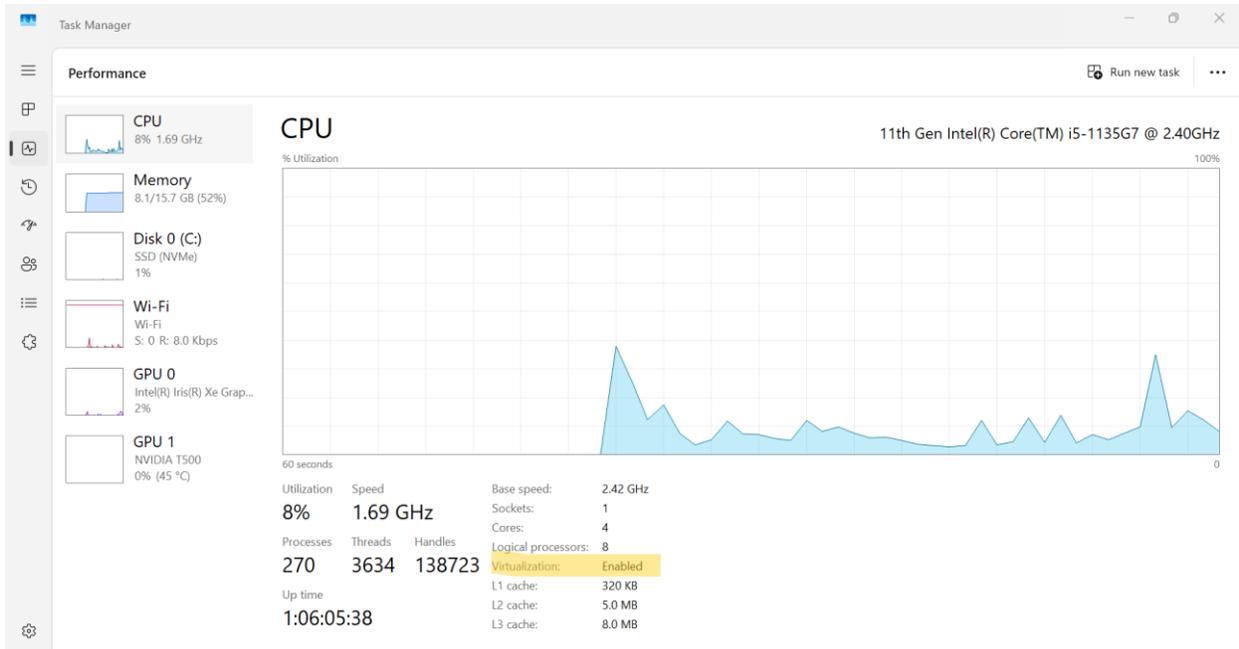
18. In your OpenMC Environment, run “pip install Notebook” to install Jupyter Notebook.
19. After running “code .”, create a new Jupyter Notebook in VS Code.
20. In the top right corner, click the kernel select, then select python environments. There should be your OpenMC environment.

You can also run Jupyter Notebook in browser, without the use of VS Code.

21. In the WSL terminal set to your OpenMC environment, just run “jupyter lab”. This will give you two links, each of which will give you a Jupyter Notebook instance when put into a browser or the kernel of VS Code.

Images:

Installing WSL:



```

Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

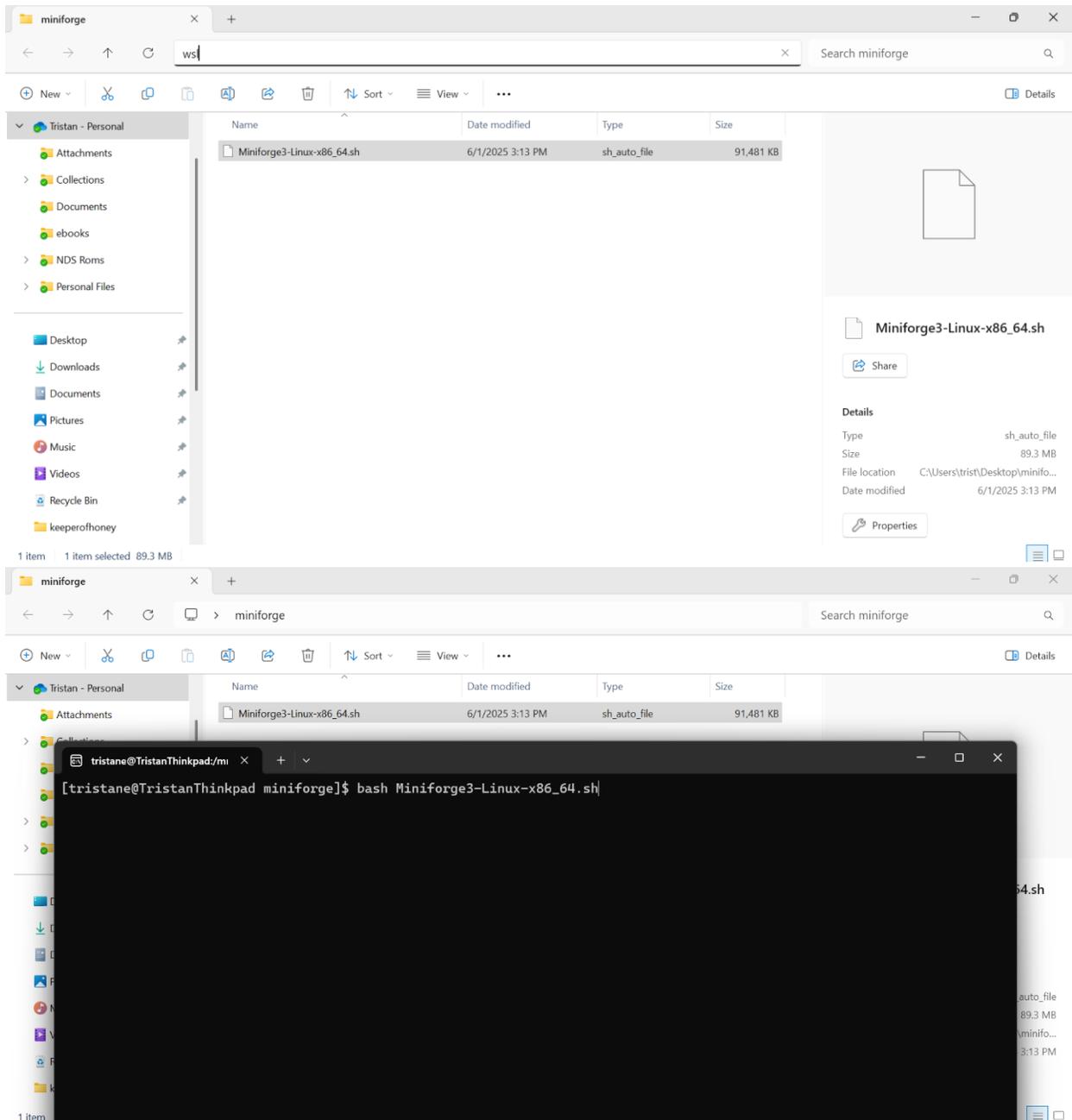
Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

PS C:\Users\trist> wsl --list --online
The following is a list of valid distributions that can be installed.
Install using 'wsl.exe --install <Distro>'.

NAME                                FRIENDLY NAME
-----                                -
AlmaLinux-8                         AlmaLinux OS 8
AlmaLinux-9                         AlmaLinux OS 9
AlmaLinux-Kitten-10                 AlmaLinux OS Kitten 10
AlmaLinux-10                        AlmaLinux OS 10
Debian                              Debian GNU/Linux
FedoraLinux-42                      Fedora Linux 42
SUSE-Linux-Enterprise-15-SP5        SUSE Linux Enterprise 15 SP5
SUSE-Linux-Enterprise-15-SP6        SUSE Linux Enterprise 15 SP6
Ubuntu                              Ubuntu
Ubuntu-24.04                        Ubuntu 24.04 LTS
archlinux                           Arch Linux
kali-linux                           Kali Linux Rolling
openSUSE-Tumbleweed                 openSUSE Tumbleweed
openSUSE-Leap-15.6                  openSUSE Leap 15.6
Ubuntu-18.04                        Ubuntu 18.04 LTS
Ubuntu-20.04                        Ubuntu 20.04 LTS
Ubuntu-22.04                        Ubuntu 22.04 LTS
OracleLinux_7_9                     Oracle Linux 7.9
OracleLinux_8_7                     Oracle Linux 8.7
OracleLinux_9_1                     Oracle Linux 9.1
PS C:\Users\trist> wsl --install -d AlmaLinux-10
Downloading: AlmaLinux OS 10
[=====
20.6%
]

```

Installing Conda:



Installing OpenMC:

```
tristane@TristanThinkpad x + v
Windows PowerShell
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Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

PS C:\Users\trist> wsl
[tristane@TristanThinkpad trist]$ conda config --add channels conda-forge
[tristane@TristanThinkpad trist]$ conda config --set channel_priority strict
[tristane@TristanThinkpad trist]$ conda create --name openmc-env openmc
```

VS Code & Jupyter:

File Edit Selection View Go Run ... Search

EXTENSIONS

Search Extensions in ...

LOCAL - INSTALLED (32)

- Material Theme Icons ...
- Remote - SSH
- WSL** Open any folder in the Win... Microsoft
- Atom One Dark Theme
- C/C++
- WSL: ALMALINUX-10 - I... (1)
- RECOMMENDED (4)
- GitHub Copi... (39.2M) (4)
- Docker (45.6M) (4.5)

Welcome Extension: WSL X



WSL

Microsoft microsoft.com 35,047,977 (82)

Open any folder in the Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL) and take advantage of Visual Studio C...

Disable Uninstall Auto Update

DETAILS FEATURES CHANGELOG

Visual Studio Code WSL

The **WSL extension** lets you use VS Code on Windows to build Linux applications that run on the **Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL)**. You get all the productivity of Windows while developing with Linux-based tools, runtimes, and utilities.

The **WSL extension** lets you use VS Code in WSL just as you would from Windows.

Why do I need the WSL extension?

Why WSL?

WSL lets you run a Linux environment -- including command-line tools and applications -- directly on Windows, without the overhead of a traditional virtual machine or dualboot setup. WSL especially helps web developers and those working with Bash and Linux-first tools (i.e., Ruby, Python) to use their toolchain on Windows and ensure consistency between development and production environments.

Installation

Identifier	ms-vscode-remote.remote-wsl
Version	0.99.0
Last Updated	2025-06-01, 15:58:59
Size	2.49MB

Marketplace

Published	2019-05-02, 13:40:03
Last Released	2025-04-09, 10:58:25

File Edit Selection View Go Run ... Search

EXTENSIONS: MARKETPLACE

Search Extensions in ...

WSL: Almalinux-10 (0)

Search: jupyter

- Jupyter** Jupyter notebook support, ... Microsoft
- Jupyter Keymap
- Jupyter Slide Show
- Jupyter Cell Tags
- Jupyter Notebook ...
- Jupyter (de...)
- Jupyter Po...
- VS Code Ju...

Welcome Extension: Jupyter X



Jupyter

Microsoft microsoft.com 92,207,513 (333)

Jupyter notebook support, interactive programming and computing that supports Intellisense, de...

Uninstall Switch to Pre-Release Version Auto Update

DETAILS FEATURES CHANGELOG

Extension Pack (4)

- Jupyter Keymap** Jupyter keymaps for notebooks Microsoft
- Jupyter Notebook Renderers** Renderers for Jupyter Notebooks (with plotly...) Microsoft

Marketplace

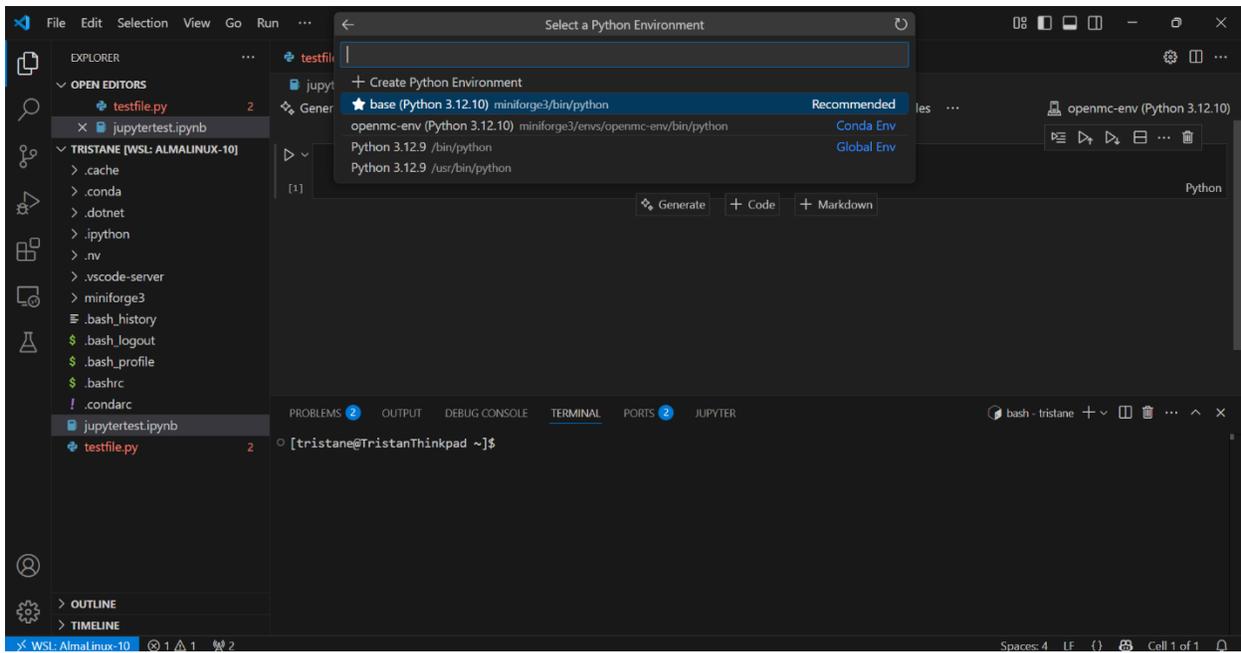
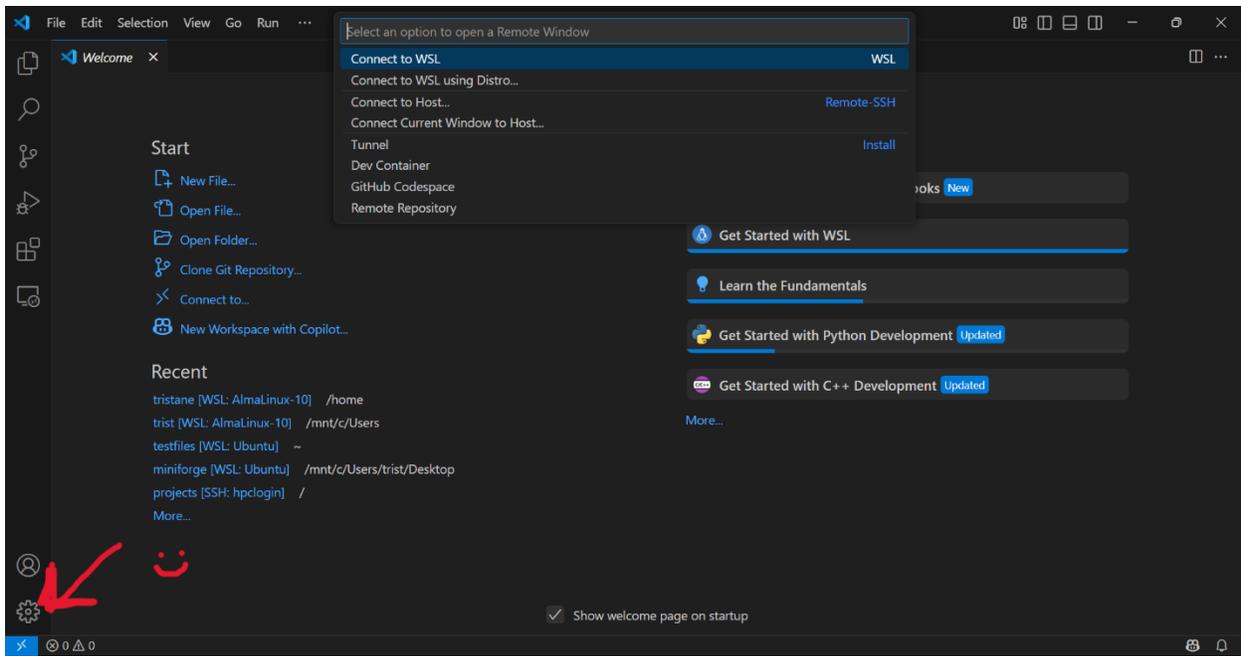
Identifier	ms-toolsai.jupyter
Version	2025.4.1
Published	2020-11-11, 13:14:18
Last Released	2025-05-30, 04:54:19

Categories

- Extension Packs
- Data Science
- Machine Learning
- Visualization
- Notebooks

Jupyter Extension for Visual Studio Code

A Visual Studio Code extension that provides basic notebook support for **language kernels** that are supported in **Jupyter Notebooks** today, and allows any Python environment to be used as a Jupyter kernel. This is **NOT a Jupyter kernel**—you must have Python environment in which



```
tristane@TristanThinkpad/mi x + v
[openmc]
(openmc-env) [tristane@TristanThinkpad trist]$ code .
(openmc-env) [tristane@TristanThinkpad trist]$ jupyter lab
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.195 ServerApp] jupyter_lsp | extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.200 ServerApp] jupyter_server_terminals | extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.204 ServerApp] jupyterlab | extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.207 ServerApp] notebook | extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.210 ServerApp] Writing Jupyter server cookie secret to /home/tristane/.local/share/jupyter/runtime/jupyter_cookie_secret
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.515 ServerApp] notebook_shim | extension was successfully linked.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.547 ServerApp] notebook_shim | extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.554 ServerApp] jupyter_lsp | extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.555 ServerApp] jupyter_server_terminals | extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.557 LabApp] JupyterLab extension loaded from /home/tristane/miniforge3/envs/openmc-env/lib/python3.12/site-packages/jupyterlab
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.557 LabApp] JupyterLab application directory is /home/tristane/miniforge3/envs/openmc-env/share/jupyter/lab
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.558 LabApp] Extension Manager is 'pypi'.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.606 ServerApp] jupyterlab | extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.610 ServerApp] notebook | extension was successfully loaded.
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.611 ServerApp] Serving notebooks from local directory: /mnt/c/Users/trist
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.611 ServerApp] Jupyter Server 2.16.0 is running at:
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.611 ServerApp] http://localhost:8888/Lab?token=0ffb25b38d65f6b65dd2cff5e2cb34033286b017e64e0586
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.611 ServerApp] http://127.0.0.1:8888/Lab?token=0ffb25b38d65f6b65dd2cff5e2cb34033286b017e64e0586
[I 2025-06-01 20:10:52.611 ServerApp] Use Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
[C 2025-06-01 20:10:53.522 ServerApp]

To access the server, open this file in a browser:
file:///home/tristane/.local/share/jupyter/runtime/jpserver-10369-open.html
Or copy and paste one of these URLs:
http://localhost:8888/Lab?token=0ffb25b38d65f6b65dd2cff5e2cb34033286b017e64e0586
http://127.0.0.1:8888/Lab?token=0ffb25b38d65f6b65dd2cff5e2cb34033286b017e64e0586
gio: file:///home/tristane/.local/share/jupyter/runtime/jpserver-10369-open.html: Failed to find default application for content type
'text/plain'
```